

Greenland White-fronted Goose. Hvanneyri, near Borgarnes, Iceland. 17th April 2012.
Photo: Alyn Walsh.



List of Geese & Swans with References

Compiled by Joe Hobbs



Introduction

This is the final version of the Geese and Swan's list, no further updates will be made. Grateful thanks to Alyn Walsh for the cover images and all those who responded with constructive feedback. All images © the photographer

Please note that this and other Reference Lists I have compiled are **not exhaustive** and are best employed in conjunction with other sources.

Joe Hobbs

Index

The general order of species follows the International Ornithologists' Union World Bird List (**Gill, F. & Donsker, D.** (eds.) 2019. IOC World Bird List. Available from: <https://www.worldbirdnames.org/> [version 9.1 accessed January 2019]).

The list does not include any of the following genera: *Plectropterus*, *Cyanochen*, *Alopochen*, *Neochen* and *Chloephaga*.

Final Version

Version 1.2 (May 2019).

Cover

Main image: Greenland White-fronted Goose. Hvanneyri, near Borgarnes, Iceland. 17th April 2012.
Picture by Alyn Walsh.

Vignette: Whooper Swan. Southern Lowlands near Selfoss, Iceland. 28th April 2012. Picture by Alyn Walsh.

Species	Page No.
Bar-headed Goose [<i>Anser indicus</i>]	13
Barnacle Goose [<i>Branta leucopsis</i>]	12
Bean Geese [<i>Anser fabalis</i> / <i>serrirostris</i>]	7
Black-necked Swan [<i>Cygnus melancoryphus</i>]	22
Black Swan [<i>Cygnus atratus</i>]	22
Brent Goose [<i>Branta bernicla</i>]	6
Cackling Goose [<i>Branta hutchinsi</i>]	10
Canada Goose [<i>Branta canadensis</i>]	10
Cape Barren Goose [<i>Cereopsis novaehollandiae</i>]	5
Coscoroba Swan [<i>Coscoroba coscoroba</i>]	22
Emperor Goose [<i>Anser canagica</i>]	13
Greylag Goose [<i>Anser anser</i>]	16
Hawaiian Goose [<i>Branta sandvicensis</i>]	9
Lesser White-fronted Goose [<i>Anser erythropus</i>]	21
Mute Swan [<i>Cygnus olor</i>]	23
Pink-footed Goose [<i>Anser brachyrhynchus</i>]	19
Red-breasted Goose [<i>Branta ruficollis</i>]	8
Ross's Goose [<i>Anser rossii</i>]	14
Snow Goose [<i>Anser caerulescens</i>]	14

Swan Goose [<i>Anser cygnoides</i>]	17
Taiga Bean Goose [<i>Anser fabalis</i>]	18
Trumpeter Swan [<i>Cygnus buccinator</i>]	24
Tundra Bean Goose [<i>Anser serrirostris</i>]	18
Tundra Swan [<i>Cygnus columbianus</i>]	25
White-fronted Goose [<i>Anser albifrons</i>]	20
Whooper Swan [<i>Cygnus cygnus</i>]	26

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Cape Barren Goose

Cereopsis novaehollandiae [Latham].

[*C.n. novaehollandiae*] Smaller islands of the Furneaux group and other islands in the Bass Straight including Hogen, Kent & Curtis and Sir Joseph Banks Island group, Neptune Island & other islands in Spencer Gulf, Investigator group, Nuyts Archipelago, Cape Barren Island, coastal islands off Wilson's Promontory, Hunter group of islands off NW Tasmania and introduced to Maria Island off SE Tasmania *et al.* (S & SE Australia). Winters, disperses N to mainland and larger islands.

[*C.n. grisea*] Recherche Archipelago and other islands W to near Albany (W Australia). Winters, disperses N to mainland and larger islands.

Treated by del Hoyo *et al.* (1992) as monotypic.

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Brent Goose

Branta bernicla [Linnaeus].

[*B.b. bernicla*] NC Siberia. Winters NW Europe.

[*B.b. hrota*] Canadian High and Low Arctic, Greenland, Svalbard (Spitsbergen) and Franz Josef Land. Winters Cape Cod S to North Carolina (Low-Arctic Canadian *hrota*) and mainly Ireland with some to Britain and France (High-Arctic & Greenland *hrota*).

[*B.b. nigricans*] Extreme NE Siberia E to NC Canada. Winters British Columbia S to Baja California. The taxonomic status of the so called Grey-bellied or Lawrence's Brent Goose is not yet established. This potential form breeds at Melville Island (Arctic Canada) and winters at Puget Sound (W coast of North America on either side of the USA - Canada border). Other names: Brant Goose, Dark-bellied Brent Goose (*bernicla*), Pale-bellied Brent Goose (*hrota*), Atlantic Brant (*hrota*), Black Brant (*nigricans*).

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Red-breasted Goose

Branta ruficollis [Pallas].

Mainly on the Taymyr peninsula, with smaller pops on the Gydan & Yamal peninsulas (Arctic Siberia). Winters N & W shores of Black Sea.

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Hawaiian Goose

Branta sandvicensis [Vigors].

Other name: Nēnē.

Hawai‘i, Maui, Moloka‘i & Kaua‘i (Hawaiian Islands). The current distribution is influenced by the release of captive-bred individuals back to the wild.

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Canada Geese

Canada Goose

Branta canadensis [Linnaeus]

[*B.c. canadensis*] SE Canada & NE USA. Winters along the Atlantic coast of USA. European feral birds largely consist of this race.

[*B.c. interior*] S & E of Hudson Bay & NE Manitoba. Winters SE USA.

[*B.c. maxima*] Great Plains of N USA E of the Mississippi. Winters, S pops mostly sedentary, N pops S to the Tennessee and Mississippi valleys.

[*B.c. fulva*] S Alaska & coastal British Columbia. Winters S to N California.

[*B.c. parvipes*] E Alaska W to Yukon Territory. Winters Washington & Oregon.

[*B.c. moffitti*] C British Columbia S to C California & E to C Alberta & Arizona. Winters California.

[*B.c. occidentalis*] SW Alaska. Winters Washington & Oregon.

Other Names: Atlantic Canada Goose (*canadensis*), Todd's Canada Goose (*interior*), Interior Canada Goose (*interior*), Hudson Bay Canada Goose (*interior*), Giant Canada Goose (*maxima*), Moffit's Canada Goose (*moffitti*), Great Basin Canada Goose (*moffitti*), Western Canada Goose (*moffitti*), Lesser Canada Goose (*parvipes*), Vancouver Canada Goose (*fulva*), Dusky Canada Goose (*occidentalis*).

Walter Edmond Clyde Todd (1874-1969), American ornithologist who wrote extensively on South American avifauna.

James Kennedy Moffitt (1865-1955), American businessman.

Cackling Goose

Branta hutchinsi [Richardson]

[*B.h. hutchinsi*] Melville peninsula, Southampton Island, Ellesmere Island & Baffin Island. Winters Gulf coast of Texas & Mexico.

[*B.h. leucopareia*] Aleutian Islands. Winters California.

[*B.h. minima*] Coastal W Alaska. Winters W USA S to C California.

[*B.h. taverneri*] Alaska Peninsula to Mackenzie Delta. Winters Washington & Oregon.

Treated by del Hoyo *et al.* (1992) as races of Canada Goose.

Other names: Lesser Canada Goose, Richardson's Cackling Goose (*hutchinsi*), Hutchins's Cackling Goose (*hutchinsi*), Taverner's Cackling Goose (*taverneri*), Lesser Cackling Goose (*minima*), Aleutian Cackling Goose (*leucopareia*).

Sir John Richardson (1787-1865), Scottish naval surgeon and Arctic explorer who went on two expeditions with Sir John Franklin with whom he was also related.

Dr. Thomas Hutchins (1730-1790), English naturalist and surgeon who worked for the Hudson's Bay Company.

Sir Percy Algernon Taverner (1875-1947), Canadian ornithologist who worked at the National Museum of Natural Sciences in Ottawa.

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Barnacle Goose

Branta leucopsis [Bechstein].

E Greenland, Spitzbergen & Novaya Zemlya. Winters Ireland, Britain & Netherlands.

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Bar-headed Goose

Anser indicus [Latham].

C Asia. Winters Pakistan, N Indian subcontinent & N Myanmar.

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Emperor Goose

Anser canagica [Sebastianov].

Coast of NE Siberia & coastal Alaska. Winters Aleutian Islands and Kamchatka.
Sometimes included in the genus *Chen*.

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Ross's Goose

Anser rossii [Cassin].

The vicinity of the R. Perry (Nunavut, N Canada). Winters California, New Mexico, US Gulf Coast & N Mexico.

Sometimes included in the genus *Chen*.

Bernard Rogan Ross (1827-1874), Irish trader who worked for the Hudson's Bay Company.

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Snow Goose

Anser caerulescens [Linnaeus].

[*A.c. caerulescens*] Wrangel Island (Arctic Ocean) and N Alaska E to S Baffin Island. Winters E coast USA, Gulf of Mexico, SW USA & N Mexico.

[*A.c. atlantica*] NE Canada, Baffin Island & Greenland. Winters E coast USA, Gulf of Mexico, SW USA & N Mexico.

Sometimes included in the genus *Chen*.

Other names: Greater Snow Goose (*atlanticus*), Lesser Snow Goose (*caerulescens*).

Blue phase individuals are predominately Lesser Snow Goose.

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- Lyell, B.A.** 1960. Snow Goose in Aberdeenshire. *Scottish Birds* 1: 185.
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Greylag Goose

Anser anser [Linnaeus].

[*A.a. anser*] Iceland, N and C Europe. Winters, although some populations sedentary, most move S especially to SW Spain.

[*A.a. rubrirostris*] C & E Europe and Asia. Winters, although some populations sedentary, most move S of breeding range.

[*A.a. domesticus*] Domesticated form, widely introduced.

Other name: Grey Goose.

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- Mitchell, C. et al.** 2012. The merging of populations of Greylag Geese breeding in Britain. *British Birds* 105(9): 498-505.
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- Randler, C.** 2005. Eye preference for vigilance during feeding in coot *Fulica atra*, and geese *Anser anser* and *Anser cygnoides*. *Laterality* 10(6): 535-543.
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Swan Goose

Anser cygnoides [Linnaeus].

Russia / Mongolia border area & N China. Winters C & E China and historically in Japan.
Other names: Chinese Goose (domesticated form), African Goose (domesticated form).

- An, A.** et al. 2018. A potential distribution map of wintering Swan Goose (*Anser cygnoides*) in the middle and lower Yangtze River floodplain, China. *Avian Research* 9: 43
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s40657-018-0134-5>
- Batbayar, N.** et al. 2013. Migration strategies of Swan Geese *Anser cygnoides* from northeast Mongolia. *Wildfowl* 61: 90-109.
- Chang-Yong Choi** et al. 2016. Low Survival Rates of Swan Geese (*Anser cygnoides*) Estimated from Neck-Collar Resighting and Telemetry. *Waterbirds* 39(3): <https://doi.org/10.1675/063.039.0307>.
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- Gombobaatar, S.** et al. 2003. Current status of research and future trends of Swan Goose *Anser cygnoides* and Baikal Teal *Anas formosa* in Mongolia, pp. 79-82. Found in: *2003 International Anatidae Symposium in East Asia & Siberia Region*. Seosan, Korea.
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- Shi, X.W.** et al. 2006. Mitochondrial DNA cleavage patterns distinguish independent origin of Chinese domestic geese and western domestic geese. *Biochemical Genetics* 44(5-6): 237-245.
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- Wassink, A.** 2009. Birds of Kazakhstan: new and interesting data, part 2. *Dutch Birding* 31(2): 101-110 (101).
- Wójcik, E. & Smalec, E.** 2008. Description of the *Anser cygnoides* goose karyotype. *Folia Biologica* 56(1-2): 37-42.
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- Zhao Jin-Sheng** 2002. An extremely large wintering group of Swan Goose was found at Poyang Lake. *China Crane News* 6(1): 36-37.

Bean Geese

Taiga Bean Goose

Anser fabalis [Latham].

[*A.f. fabalis*] Scandinavia E to Ural Mts in the taiga region. Winters W & C Europe.

[*A.f. johanseni*] Ural Mts E to L Baikal in the W Siberian taiga region. Winters W China W to Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan & Iran.

[*A.f. middendorffii*] E & N of L. Baikal E to the Pacific coast and S to the Altai & N Mongolia in the E Siberian taiga region. Winters E China & Japan.

Other names: Western Bean Goose (*fabalis*), Johansen's Bean Goose (*johanseni*), Middendorff's Bean Goose (*middendorffii*).

Hans Johansen (1897-1973), Danish-Russian Professor of Zoology at Tomsk State University and the University of Copenhagen.

Aleksandr Fedorovitsh von Middendorff (1815-1894), German-Russian traveller and naturalist who was a member of the St. Petersburg Academy of Sciences. He led the first expedition that reached peninsula Taimyr and the Amur region in Siberia.

Tundra Bean Goose

Anser serrirostris [Swinhoe].

[*A.s. serrirostris*] Lena Delta to Anadyrland in the E Siberian tundra region. Winters China, Korea & Japan.

[*A.s. rossicus*] Kanin to Taymyr peninsulas in the N Russia and NW Siberia tundra region. Winters W & SE Europe.

Other name: Thick-billed Bean Goose (*serrirostris*).

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Benstead, P. 2005. Where to watch birds: The Yare Valley. *Birdwatch* 162: 15.

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Kist, J. 1956. Het voorkomen van de rassen van de Rietgans, *Anser fabalis*, in Nederland [Distribution of subspecies of Bean Goose in The Netherlands]. *Ardea* 44(1-3): 188-206.

Mitchell, C. 2010. *The design of a monitoring programme for Bean Geese on the Slamannan Plateau*. Scottish Natural Heritage Commissioned Report No.389.

Mlodinow, S.G. 2004. Bean Goose (*Anser fabalis*) at Hoquiam, Washington: a first state record. *North American Birds* 58(2): 298-300.

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Oates, J. 1997. Identification of Taiga Bean Goose and Tundra Bean Goose. *Birding World* 10(11): 421-426.

Ogilvie, M.A. & Wallace, D.I.M. 1975. Field identification of grey geese. *British Birds* 68(2): 57-67.

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Roselaar, C.S. & Aliabadian, M. 2009. Review of rare birds in Iran, 1860s-1960s. *Podoces* 4(1): 1-27 (7).

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Ruttledge, R.F. & Watt, R.H. 1958. The Distribution and Status of Wild Geese in Ireland. *Bird Study* 5(1): 22-33.

Sangster, G. & Oreel, G.J. 1996. Trends in systematics - Progress in taxonomy of Taiga and Tundra Bean Geese. *Dutch Birding* 18(6): 310-316.

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Pink-footed Goose

Anser brachyrhynchus [Baillon].

E Greenland, Iceland & Spitzbergen. Winters NW Europe.

- Bloomfield, A. & Smith, G.** 2002. The skein attraction. *Birdwatch* 125: 33-36.
- Bloomfield, A.** 2013. Notes: Breeding Pink-footed Geese in Norfolk in 1999. *British Birds* 106(3): 165.
- Brown, A.W. & Brown, L.M.** 1992. Development of an internationally important Pink-footed Goose roost at West Water Reservoir, Borders Region, 1966-1990. *Scottish Birds* 16: 260-268.
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- Cutts, C. & Speakman, J.** 1994. Energy savings in formation flight of pink-footed geese. *The Journal of Experimental Biology* 189(1): 251-261.
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- Hurst, J. & Bloomfield, A.** 2014. Notes: Pink-footed Geese struck by lightning in winter storm. *British Birds* 107(8): 485.
- Inglis, I.R.** 1977. The breeding behaviour of the pink-footed goose: behavioural correlates of nesting success. *Animal Behaviour* 25: 747-764.
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White-fronted Goose

Anser albifrons [Scopoli].

[*A.a. albifrons*] Kanin peninsula (N Russia) E to R Kolyma (Siberia). Winters W, C & SE Europe and S Asia.

[*A.a. flavirostris*] W Greenland. Winters Ireland & SW Scotland.

[*A.a. elgasi*] Vicinity of Cook Inlet (S Alaska). Winters Sacramento Valley & Suisun Bay (N & C California).

[*A.a. gambelli*] N Alaska E thru Arctic Canada to Hudson Bay. Winters Texas, Louisiana & NE Mexico.

[*A.a. sponsa*] Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta (W Alaska) & Bristol Bay (SW Alaska). Winters California & W Mexico.

The proposed forms *frontalis* and *albicans* are synonyms of *A.a. gambelli* and *A.a. albifrons* respectively (Banks 2011).

Other names: Greater White-fronted Goose, Whitefront, Greenland White-fronted Goose (*flavirostris*), Russian White-fronted Goose (*albifrons*), Pacific White-fronted Goose (*frontalis*), Gabel White-fronted Goose (*gambeli*), Tule White-fronted Goose (*elgasi*), Tule Goose (*elgasi*).

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Lesser White-fronted Goose

Anser erythropus [Linnaeus].

Narrow band across Arctic Europe and Asia. Winters S Caspian lowlands, SE Europe, the area of the lower Euphrates on the Iran / Iraq border, Kazakhstan & SE China.

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Coscoroba Swan

Coscoroba coscoroba [Molina].

Tierra del Fuego N to C Chile & N Argentina. Winters N to SE Brazil.

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Black Swan

Cygnus atratus [Latham].

SW & E Australia, Tasmania and introduced as well as natural populations in New Zealand as well as introductions as an ornamental waterfowl in W Europe and elsewhere.

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Black-necked Swan

Cygnus melancoryphus [Molina].

Falkland Islands and Tierra del Fuego N to C Chile & Paraguay. Winters N to Paraná (SE Brazil).

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Mute Swan

***Cygnus olor* [Gmelin].**

Britain & Ireland, C & N Europe E thru C Asia to E China. Feral populations in N America, Japan, South Africa, SW Australia & New Zealand.

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Trumpeter Swan

Cygnus buccinator [Richardson].

Alaska & W Canada and some resident populations in NW USA following reintroductions. Winters coastal S Alaska, British Columbia & N USA.

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Tundra Swan

Cygnus columbianus [Ord].

[C.c. columbianus] Tundra region of arctic N America. Winters W & coastal E USA.

[C.c. bewickii] Kola peninsula E thru arctic N Siberia. Winters in W Europe and S of Caspian Sea and E China, Korea & Japan.

Other name: Bewick's Swan (*bewickii*), Whistling Swan (*columbianus*).

Thomas Bewick (1753-1828), English ornithologist and engraver.

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Whooper Swan

Cygnus cygnus [Linnaeus].

Iceland & Scandinavia E to NE Siberia. Winters W & C Europe around Baltic Sea, North Sea, Black Sea, Caspian Sea & Aral Sea E to coastal China & Japan.

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